

Bolivar recycled water ASR

Key findings

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Water balance – Oct 1999 to Mar 2010

704 ML injected and 501 ML recovered over four ASR cycles



Assessing potential for clogging of well using laboratory columns of aquifer material





Time (Days)

Variations in injection rate due to transient hydraulic gradients, clogging, and clogging management



4 | Bolivar recycled water ASR key findings

Where will water go?

Predicted distribution of injectant on a radial vertical cross-section after 200 ML of injection

variable hydraulic conductivity with depth



Salinity increase during recovery phase





Total Organic Carbon ~ 20% removal







Total Nitrogen ~ 70% removal



Fate of pathogens

Laboratory studies and *in-situ* pathogen survival chambers

Virus species

adenovirus, rotavirus, coxsackievirus and the bacteriophage MS2

<u>Protozoa</u> Cryptosporidium

<u>Bacterial species</u> *Campylobacter jejuni, Salmonella, E. coli* and *E. facalis*





Laboratory study of *E. coli* decay in sterile (filtered) and non-sterile groundwater or injectant

Laboratory study of trace organic chemical fate e.g. endocrine disruptors



Treatment : Aerobic conditions without co-metabolite (organic carbon)

Fate of disinfection byproducts



Fate of metals – Arsenic mobilisation



Regional groundwater flow modelling



Conclusions

- Australia's first reclaimed water ASR trial is technically, environmentally and economically viable
 - Clogging was demonstrated to be manageable
 - Recovered water quality was found to be fit for irrigation supplies
 - Recovery efficiency exceeded 80%
 - No evidence of any degradation of the environmental values of the aquifer, and no adverse impact on any other groundwater user
 - Dissolution of calcite will not adversely impact on the normal operating life of the ASR well, nor destabilise the overlying aquitard (design life >100 years)
- Improved knowledge of aquifer treatment processes and developed sound operating practices and ability to predict changes
- Science underpinning national MAR Guidelines

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