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It is the responsibility of the users of this Standard to ensure that the application of information is appropriate and that any designs based on this Standard are fit for SA Water’s purposes and comply with all relevant Australian Standards, Acts and regulations.

Users of this Standard accept sole responsibility for interpretation and use of the information contained in this Standard. Users should independently verify the accuracy, fitness for purpose and application of information contained in this Standard.

Only the current revision of this Standard should be used which is available for download from the SA Water website.

 Significant/Major Changes Incorporated in This Edition

This standard replaces Technical Guideline TS 8 – Raising and Lowering SA Water Access Covers.
Document Controls

Revision History

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<td>Update of previous TS 8</td>
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<td>31/01/18</td>
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1 Introduction

SA Water is responsible for operation and maintenance of an extensive amount of engineering infrastructure.

This standard has been developed to assist in the design, maintenance, construction, and management of water and sewer infrastructure access covers.

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of this standard is to detail SA Water’s minimum requirements for adjustment of access covers in roadways, and similar locations, to achieve consistent standards and attain the required asset life.

Reliability of these assets is essential to meet Customer’s service expectations and for public safety. In addition this assists traffic flow along roads and will ensure they can be operated and maintained efficiently.

1.2 Glossary

The following glossary items are used in this document:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>APA</td>
<td>Australian Pipeline Trust</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CFS</td>
<td>Country Fire Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DPTI</td>
<td>Department of Planning, Transport and Infrastructure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FSL</td>
<td>Finished Surface Level</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IO</td>
<td>Sewer Inspection Opening</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IP</td>
<td>Sewer Inspection Point</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MFS</td>
<td>Metropolitan Fire Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MH</td>
<td>Sewer Maintenance Hole</td>
</tr>
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<td>MS</td>
<td>Sewer Maintenance Shaft</td>
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<td>SA Power Networks</td>
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<td>SA Water</td>
<td>South Australian Water Corporation</td>
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<tr>
<td>TG</td>
<td>SA Water Technical Guideline</td>
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<td>TS</td>
<td>SA Water Technical Standard</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WHS</td>
<td>Work Health and Safety</td>
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<td>WSAA</td>
<td>Water Services Association of Australia</td>
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1.3 References

1.3.1 Australian and International

The following table identifies Australian and International standards and other similar documents referenced in this document:

<table>
<thead>
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<tr>
<td>AS 3996</td>
<td>Access covers and grates</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The Water Industry Act 2012</td>
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<td></td>
<td>South Australia Work Health and Safety Act 2012</td>
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1.3.2 SA Water Documents

The following table identifies the SA Water standards and other similar documents referenced in this document:

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Number</th>
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<tr>
<td>TS 0502</td>
<td>Authorised Products Gravity Sewer and Pressure Pumping Main Systems</td>
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<td>TS 0503</td>
<td>Authorised Products Water Systems</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCM</td>
<td>Sewer Construction Manual</td>
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<td>WSCM</td>
<td>Water Supply Construction Manual</td>
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1.4 Definitions

The following definitions are applicable to this document:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
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<tr>
<td>SA Water’s Representative</td>
<td>The SA Water representative with delegated authority under a Contract or engagement, including (as applicable):</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- Superintendent’s Representative (e.g. AS 4300 &amp; AS 2124 etc.)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- SA Water Project Manager</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>- SA Water nominated contact person</td>
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<td></td>
<td>- SA Water Alterations Team</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Responsible Discipline</td>
<td>The engineering discipline expert responsible for TS0521 defined on page 3 (via SA Water’s Representative)</td>
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2 Scope

This standard specifies SA Water minimum requirements when modifications are made to access covers. It includes adjusting and replacing covers installed in roadways, footpaths, easements and reserves and applies to all water supply and sewer covers.

This standard applies to works undertaken by both SA Water and Contractors on water and sewer network infrastructure.

Any Contractor undertaking this work shall be responsible for:

1. Compliance with the standard,
2. The adjustment and final level of all castings,
3. The final restoration of all roadways and the site area,
4. All work undertaken by a sub-contractor commissioned to undertake work on their behalf.
3 Guidelines and Requirements

3.1 General

Adjustment of SA Water cover and frame assemblies may be performed:

- Due to road resurfacing or realignment managed by a road Authority,
- At the request of a road Authority due to the cover subsidence or damage,
- Due to other third party work affecting existing SA Water access covers,
- As part of SA Water’s maintenance or replacement programs.

Irrespective of who has commissioned the contractor to undertake the adjustment or replacement of the SA Water assemblies, the methods and work practices used in performing the work shall be in accordance with this standard.

Replacement, raising or lowering of assemblies may be performed either before or after the pavement placement, both of which are acceptable techniques.

3.2 Contractor Compliance

Under Section 52 of the Water Industry Act 2012, before beginning:

a. to first lay the pavement or hard surface in any road; or
b. to relay the pavement or hard surface in any road; or
c. to widen or extend the pavement or hard surface in any road; or
d. to alter the level of any road; or
e. to construct or alter any footpaths, gutters, kerbing or water tables in any road; or
f. to construct or alter any drainage work in any road,

in which there is any water/sewerage infrastructure (including casting adjustments), the person authorising or intending to do the work must give SA Water 14 days notice of the proposed work. Notification to SA Water should be made through sawateralterations@sawater.com.au.

Advice to SA Water shall include:

- Contact Name (including organisation, phone number and email),
- Scope of works including clear identification of each clash with SA Water Infrastructure and alterations required,
- Confirmation of which contractor is required to undertake the casting adjustment,
- Drawings if required,
- Proposed delivery dates.

Through the application of this standard, SA Water gives permission to person carrying out the road alteration, to make the adjustment to castings and fittings at road surface on behalf of SA Water. Under this circumstance, the alteration to the fittings is at the cost of the council, other authority or person who made the alteration to the road as per Section 23 of the Water Industry Regulations 2012.

The SA Water Alterations Team may undertake a random audit of the contractor’s work that is completed on behalf of the council or road authority. Defects will be reported back to the council and road authority to attend to.
Alternatively, the council or other authority or person may request SA Water to carry out this work as per Section 23 of the Water Industry Regulations 2012. Under this circumstance, SA Water shall carry out the casting adjustment and will recover its debt from the council, other authority or person.

### 3.3 Contractor Considerations

The contractor undertaking the adjustment of SA Water assemblies shall ensure that the following requirements are addressed (as a minimum):

1. WHS Regulations 2012,
2. Environmental considerations,
3. Work Zone Traffic Management Plan (including pedestrians). (also refer clause 3.10),
4. The specific requirements are satisfied of:
   a. Asset owners (SA Water, DPTI, Councils, other Essential Service Providers e.g, SAPN, APA, inclusive of access permits),
   b. Asset users (MFS, CFS, etc.)
   c. Other effected customers or stakeholders
5. Minimum possible disruption for road users and to the road surface during the process,
6. Ground conditions,
7. Noise, dust and odour,
8. Potential hazards.
   a. Asbestos may be present in old water street box chambers (refer clause 3.7) and asbestos cement pipes.
   b. The potential for toxic or flammable gases, e.g. H2S. (It should be noted that smoking is prohibited within 6 metres of any maintenance structure, IO or IP).
9. Sewer maintenance structures shall not be entered without the approval of the SA Water Representative. The contractor shall contact the SA Water Representative should entry be considered. Entry permits shall be required.
10. For water infrastructure, no vehicular loading at the surface/road level shall be transferred to the valve or pipe.

### 3.4 AS 3996 Classifications

Water industry cover assemblies are compliant with AS 3996. Two AS 3996 load classifications are applicable:

1. Class D – for Road Carriageways, subject to use by commercial vehicles,
2. Class B – typically used in, footpaths and reserves accessible to use by light vehicles.

All cover assemblies shall have a rating suitable for the application in which they are installed.

### 3.5 Materials and Ratings

Only SA Water Authorised Products and materials shall be used for the adjustment or replacement of covers and frame/chamber assemblies.

Authorised Products shall be sourced from one of the approved manufacturers listed in the relevant SA Water Technical Standard,
TS 0502,  
TS 0503.

All products (both covers and support blocks) shall be installed in accordance with the:

- WSCM,
- SCM.

All mortar used during the installation and adjustment of access covers (as per this standard) shall be fast setting mortar (e.g. Sika 2500, EMACO TS 45 or a similar authorised product).

Materials used for the road base/ sub base and reinstatement of the road surface shall be in accordance with the road Authority specification.

Any works or materials not otherwise specified shall comply with the requirements of the relevant WSAA publications.

3.6 Final Levels

3.6.1 Roadways Installations

Regardless of the method used, the final level of all covers and frames/chamber assemblies installed in roads shall ensure that:

1. The final level of cover and frame assembly shall be determined with respect to the required road FSL.
2. The tolerances for the final level of top of the cover and frame shall be in accordance with this standard. Due to this being remedial work, the tolerances shown in this standard shall override those in the SC and WSCM.

Where a tolerance is stated in this standard the measurement is mm (millimetres).

3. The following procedure shall be used to confirm cover acceptability:
   a. A straight edge which extends 1 metre past the outer edge of each side of the frame/chamber shall be used for the measurements,
   b. Two measurements shall be taken, the second at 90 degrees to the first,
   c. Both measurements shall be within the specified tolerance for the adjustment to be considered acceptable.

3.6.2 Non Roadway Installations

The FSL of all covers and frames/chamber assemblies installed in footpaths, easements, reserves, etc. shall ensure that the final level of cover and frame/chamber assemblies is above the FSL of the surrounding surface to ensure that water will not pool over the casting or cover.

The tolerance for the FSL of top of the cover and frame shall be in accordance with this standard.

3.7 Removed materials

1. Excavated material shall not be reused for reinstatement of any trench.
2. All removed material shall be taken from the site by the contractor and appropriately disposed of in accordance with the requirements of relevant authorities (e.g. the Environmental Protection Authority, etc.).
3. Any old concrete fibre cement street box chamber (if encountered) shall be removed. As these may contain asbestos an assessment is required by an appropriately qualified person. If asbestos is confirmed, only contractors licensed to undertake asbestos work may perform the removal of the chamber and any associated site clean-up.

4. No materials shall be placed or left in a chamber.

3.8 Replacement of damaged frames and covers

It is possible that in undertaking the required work the contractor may encounter damaged frames and covers. Dangerously worn or damaged items shall be replaced.

The assessment criteria for replacement shall be:

- Cracked or seriously chipped covers and/or frame assemblies present WHS issues and shall be replaced under the following circumstances:
  - Where the frame is cracked to such an extent it is likely to split,
  - Where the cover is cracked into parts or cracked to such an extent it is likely to split.
- Worn covers and frame assemblies should be replaced under the following conditions:
  - Where the cover sits more than 15 mm below the outer rim of the frame.
  - Where the cover tread pattern has been ground down for more than an average of 70% of the cover’s total surface area.
- Where any of the casting support structure is damaged (i.e. badly cracked or crumbling), all damaged items shall be replaced.

3.9 Roadworks requiring lowering of the water main

Where the road is to be lowered to an extent that the new FSL results in a valve or hydrant spindle of an existing water main protruding into a topstone chamber, or where there is insufficient clearance from a street box cover, the existing water main may need to be lowered.

Lowering of the water main shall only be undertaken by a Contractor authorised to work on live SA Water infrastructure.

The SA Water Representative shall be notified of the need to lower the water main. Refer clause 3.2.

3.10 When Work Not In Progress

The contractor shall ensure that their Work Zone Traffic Management Plan covers the site being in a safe condition for all road users, pedestrians and the general public at all times (including when work is not being performed).

3.11 Emergency Contact Details

Should the contractor encounter an emergency situation, e.g. a burst water main, a sewer overflow or an accident due to the SA Water infrastructure, SA Water shall be advised of the incident:

- 1300 650 950
- 1300 SA WATER.
4 Adjustment Methods

4.1 General

This clause specifies the methods of adjusting castings that are acceptable to SA Water and the requirements for each method.

4.2 Acceptable Methods of Adjusting Castings

4.2.1 Raising of castings

Three methods of raising castings are acceptable:

1. Jacking (while spacer ring/s are inserted under the frame),
2. Insertion of (mating spacer) Ring,
3. Excavation and adjustment.

4.2.2 Lowering of castings

Only one method is approved for lowering castings:

1. Excavation and adjustment.

4.3 Selection of Adjustment Method

Refer Appendix A, Table 1, Approved Adjustment Summary List for confirmation of which method is appropriate for the type of cover and the work being undertaken, i.e. raising or lowering.
5 Methodologies and Minimum Requirements

5.1 General

This clause describes the minimum requirements for each acceptable adjustment method specified in clause 4.

Each cover type may have specific requirements, (in addition to those specified in this clause). For details of any specific requirements refer the relevant clause.

Any cover where minimum clearance requirements cannot be fulfilled shall be reported to SA Water.

5.2 Jacking Method

Figure 1. Typical Jacking Method Setup

5.2.1 General

Where recommended the jacking method shall be used unless:

1. The casting support structure is damaged. Where found, new supports are required and shall be installed using the Excavation and Adjustment method,

2. Raising of castings is required prior to road re-surfacing,

3. Frames installed have external protrusions or flanges which prevent lifting,

4. The spacer ring cover and frame is to be raised > 70 mm.

5. Street Box – Type B requires adjustment. Refer clause 6.3.

In utilising the jacking method the contractor shall ensure that:

1. The height of total adjustment required using frames and packers is ≤ 70 mm,

2. The equipment listed in clause 5.2.2 is used,

3. The procedure listed clause 5.2.3 is followed.

5.2.2 Equipment

- Adjustable Lifting frame (complete with lifting legs)
- 2 No. 20 ton hydraulic jacks,
- Spacer rings to accommodate height adjustment to FSL,
- Packing mortar (refer clause 3.3.2),
- Optional flat 6 mm steel bitumen keeper plate to prevent damage to the existing bitumen as the frame is being raised.

5.2.3 Procedure

The procedure for the jacking method shall be:

1. Measure the distance from top of frame to new FSL for selection of appropriate size spacers,
2. Lift cover and install lifting frame (use of bitumen keeper plate is recommended),
3. Raise frame to the required height by jacking evenly both sides,
4. Place the spacers beneath the cover frame,
5. Remove lifting frame,
6. The frame and any spacers shall be mortared into position,
7. Make minor adjustments by tamping as required to achieve FSL,
8. Seal any surface gap between the frame and road surface with liquid bitumen as appropriate,
9. Replace cover. Ensure that when in its final location, the cover frame does not rock or move,

5.3 Insertion of (Mating Spacer) Ring Method

The insertion method is only relevant to the TAC type MH Cover where adjustment is \( \leq 105 \) mm. Refer clause 7.4.

Where adjustment is > 105 mm the Excavation and Adjustment method shall be used.

Where recommended the insertion method shall be used unless:

1. The casting support structure is damaged,
2. Raising of castings is required prior to road re-surfacing,
3. The cover is a CLASS B assembly. This method shall not be used for this class.

4. The existing frame is not designed for use with a mating spacer ring.

The insertion of the (mating spacer) ring shall ensure that:

1. The height of adjustment required using the spacer ring is ≤ 105 mm,

2. The appropriate thickness ring is installed,
   - Frame Ring height, 60 mm,
   - Spacer ring height variable. Options are 50, 75, 90, 105 mm.

3. Only new fixing bolts are installed (i.e. no bolts shall be re-used),

4. All rings installed are bolted into place prior to insertion of the cover.

5.4 Excavation and Adjustment Method

![Figure 3. Typical Excavation (for casting adjustment)](image)

The excavation and adjustment method is recommended for the majority of cover alterations. Refer Appendix A, Table 1, Approved Adjustment Summary List.

This method is recommended:

1. For lowering of all frames and covers.

2. When raising castings is required prior to road re-surfacing,

3. Where the casting support structure is damaged,

The Excavation and Adjustment method shall ensure that:

1. All rings and packing segments installed shall be mortared into position with a layer of mortar between each ring, between the bottom ring and base and between the top ring and top slab (as applicable),

2. The maximum allowable mortar thickness shall be 50 mm,

3. Any support slabs or frames to be installed (as a base) shall be mortared into position (only applicable to meter chambers),

4. Any unnecessary movement of the frame shall be avoided,

5. Final levels meet the specified requirements (unless stated otherwise),
6. Only authorised fill shall be used to backfill around the frame,
7. All fill shall be compacted to match the existing road base,
8. No vehicular loading at the surface/road level is transferred to the valve or pipe,
9. Any concrete reinforcing steel exposed during concrete cutting activities shall be protected using Megapoxy (or an approved equivalent) prior to covering with mortar.
6 Water Network Covers

6.1 General

Specific requirements are applicable to each type of cover. These requirements are specified in this clause and apply in addition to those specified in clauses 4 and 5 of this standard.

6.2 Street Box – Type A

(Refer TS 0503, 11.1.1 for details of chamber and support options).

![Figure 4. Street Box - Type A](image)

Adjustment to water street box (Type A) shall comply with the following:

1. The method for raising and lowering shall be in accordance with Appendix A, Table 1, the Approved Adjustment Summary List,

2. Be in accordance with the WSCM, Section 7,

3. Ensure that when the lid is removed:
   a. A standard valve key can be used on the valve spindle,
   b. For a fire plug or hydrant a hose can be connected through the opening without fouling,

4. Ensure that with the valve fully open, the distance between the top of valve/hydrant spindle and the underside of the cover is:
   a. A minimum of 150 mm. Should the FSL not facilitate this clearance refer to the SA Water Representative for authorisation to proceed,
   b. A maximum of 300 mm.

5. When lowering:
   a. Where it is not possible to obtain the required level using existing full size box, it shall be replaced with a half-height street box.
   b. Where the half-height street box cannot be installed the existing water main shall be lowered.

6. For both raising and lowering:
   a. The permissible tolerance to FSL shall be:
      • Within road, +5/-0.
      • Within an easement, +15/-0.

7. All old concrete fibre cement chambers (if encountered) shall be replaced by a new steel street box in accordance with this clause.

All asbestos removal shall be in accordance with clause 3.7.
6.3 Street Box – Type B

(Refer TS 0503, 11.1.2 for details of chamber and support).

![Figure 5. Street Box - Type B](image)

In the Metropolitan area, if adjustment of the Type B lid is required, the existing chamber and support shall be removed and replaced by the Street Box – Type A.

Installation of the Street Box – Type A shall be in accordance with clause 6.2.

Elsewhere, adjustment to water street box (Type B) shall comply with the following:

1. The method for raising and lowering shall be in accordance with Appendix A, Table 1, the Approved Adjustment Summary List,
2. Be in accordance with the WSCM, Section 7.
3. Ensure that when the lid is removed:
   a. A standard valve key can be used on the valve spindle,
4. Ensure that with the valve fully open, the distance between the top of valve/hydrant spindle and the underside of the cover is:
   a. A minimum of 150 mm. Should the FSL not facilitate this gap refer to the SA Water Representative for authorisation to proceed,
   b. A maximum of 300 mm.
5. For both raising and lowering:
   c. The permissible tolerance to FSL shall be:
      • Within road, +5/-0,
      • Within an easement, +15/-0.

6.4 Concrete Topstone

(Refer TS 0503, 11.1.3 for details of topstone and support options).

![Figure 6. Topstone and lid](image)

In the Adelaide metropolitan area, within a bitumen road, should adjustment be required, the Topstone shall be removed and replaced with the Street Box – Type A.
Installation of the new Street Box shall be in accordance with clause 6.2.

Elsewhere within unpaved road (which may be subject to grading) or easement, adjustment of topstones shall be undertaken based upon the following guidelines:

1. The method for raising and lowering shall be in accordance with Appendix A, Table 1, the Approved Adjustment Summary List,

2. Ensure that when in its final position, the valve/hydrant spindle cap does not extend/protrude into the topstone chamber (due to potential damage when road grading undertaken),

3. Ensure that when the lid is removed:
   a. A standard valve key can be used on the valve spindle,
   b. For a fire plug, a hydrant can be connected through the opening without fouling.

4. Ensure that with the valve fully open, the distance between the top of valve/hydrant spindle and the underside of the cover is:
   a. A minimum of 150 mm. Should the FSL result in a smaller gap, the requirements of clause 1 shall be adhered to,
   b. A maximum of 300 mm.

5. When raising:
   a. Only concrete spacer rings shall be used (i.e. packers shall not be permitted).

6. When lowering:
   a. It may be necessary to lower the water main to comply with the requirement of clause 2,
   b. Lowering of the main shall only be undertaken by a contractor authorised to work on live SA Water infrastructure. SA Water shall be notified of the requirement to lower the water main and permission obtained prior to undertaking lowering of the main.

7. The permissible tolerance to FSL shall be +5/-0.

8. All damaged water topstones shall be replaced.

### 6.5 Meter Boxes (Water)

Adjustment to meter boxes shall comply with the following:

1. The method for raising and lowering shall be in accordance with Appendix A, Table 1, the Approved Adjustment Summary List,
2. Be in accordance with the WSCM, 4005-50008-03,

3. Supports listed in TS 0503, 11.1.4 and 11.2.1.1 shall be installed under the meter box as a firm base upon which the meter box shall sit,

4. Ensure that with the boundary valve fully open, the distance between the top of the handle or boundary valve and the underside of the cover is:
   a. A minimum of 150 mm. Should the FSL not facilitate this separation refer to the SA Water Representative for authorisation to proceed,
   b. A maximum of 300 mm,

5. When raising:
   a. Within a lane, driveway or footpath the permissible tolerance to FSL is +5/-0,
   b. Within an easement or garden area the permissible tolerance to FSL is +15/-0.

6. When lowering:
   a. Within a lane, driveway or footpath the permissible tolerance to FSL is +5/-0.
   b. Within an easement or garden area the permissible tolerance to FSL is +15/-0.
7 Sewer Covers

7.1 General

Specific requirements are applicable to each type of cover.

The method for raising and lowering the different types of covers shall be in accordance with Appendix A, Table 1, the Approved Adjustment Summary List.

SCM, Section 5 shall also be referred to for details of the maintenance structure, its components and construction requirements.

7.2 Bell Type Maintenance Hole Cover & Frame

Figure 9. Bell Type

It should be noted that:

- this type of cover has not been installed since 1960's,
- the access opening diameter is 430 mm.

Adjustment of the maintenance hole cover shall comply with the following:

1. When raising:
   a. Standard concrete rings shall be used for level adjustments > 25 mm.
   b. Permissible tolerance to FSL is +5/-0.

2. When lowering:
   a. Ensure that a minimum of one 75 mm concrete ring is installed between the support slab and frame (to allow for future adjustment).
   b. Permissible tolerance to FSL is +/- 0.
7.3 Lohmeyer Type Maintenance Hole Cover & Frame

It should be noted that:

- this type of cover has not been installed since 2000,
- the access opening diameter is 540 mm.

Adjustment of the maintenance hole cover shall comply with the following:

1. When raising:
   a. The jacking method may be used where the level change required is ≤ 75 mm,
   b. The excavation and adjustment method shall be used where the level change is > 75 mm,
   c. Standard concrete rings shall be used for level adjustments > 75 mm,
   d. Permissible tolerance to FSL is +5/-0.

2. When lowering:
   a. Ensure that a minimum of one 75 mm concrete ring is installed between the support slab and frame (to allow for future adjustment).
   b. Permissible tolerance to FSL is +/0.

7.4 TAC Type Maintenance Hole Cover & Frame

It should be noted that:

- the access opening diameter is 600 mm.

Adjustment of the TAC cover and frame shall comply with the following:

1. When raising:
   a. The requirements of clause 5.3 are adhered to,
   b. The permissible tolerance to FSL is +5/-0.

2. When lowering:
a. Ensure that a minimum of one 75 mm concrete ring is installed between the support slab and frame (to allow for future adjustment).
b. Permissible tolerance to FSL is +/-0.

7.5 1500 ID Maintenance Hole Cover & Frame

It should be noted that:

- the rectangular cover dimensions are 1180 x 680,
- should the current cover be a multi part/section cover (generally 4 pieces), it shall be replaced with a new single piece cover.

Adjustment of the maintenance hole cover shall comply with the following:

1. Construction shall be in accordance with 4005-20005-05,

2. When raising:
   a. The cover and frame shall be removed.
   b. Suitably sized spacers (bricks or pavers) shall be seated on a bed of mortar to raise the frame to the required height.
   c. Permissible tolerance to FSL is +/-0.

3. When lowering:
   a. As the support slab sits on the MH shaft increments, the support slab, frame and top increment shall be exposed prior to removal of the slab and frame,
   b. The top increment is required to be cut to facilitate the reduced height,
   c. Prior to removal of the support slab the extent of the cut shall be determined as follows:
      a. Calculate the required ‘Cut Depth’ using the following formula:
         ‘Cut Depth’ = Depth to be lowered + 50 mm (allowance for mortar),
      b. Mark a line around the MH increment for the calculated cut,
      c. Using a saw with a diamond blade remove the segment above the line.
   d. Prior to placement of the support slab any exposed reinforcing shall be protected using Megapoxy (or an approved equivalent),
   e. Re-install the support slab, followed by the cover and frame. The slab and frame shall be placed on a bed of mortar and tamped to the required height and grade.
   f. Permissible tolerance to FSL is +/-0.
7.6 Maintenance Shaft Cover and Frame

It should be noted that:
- the access opening diameter is 450 mm.

Adjustment of the maintenance shaft covers shall comply with the following:

1. The chamber shall be positioned to ensure that it is centrally located over the riser shaft.

2. The riser shaft sealing cap (located under the cover) shall be in a minimum distance from the FSL, in accordance with 4005-20005-09. The PVC riser pipe shall be cut or extended as necessary to achieve the required height.

3. When raising:
   a. The jacking method shall be used.
   b. Permissible tolerance to FSL is +5/-0.

4. When lowering:
   a. Sufficient backfill or road base material shall be removed for the new depth requirement.
   b. Compaction below the slab shall be in accordance with the SCM or the road Authority’s specification.
   c. Permissible tolerance to FSL is +/-0.

5. Any replacement chamber shall be wrapped in PE sleeving to facilitate any future adjustment.
7.7 Inspection Point (IP) Cover & Frame

It should be noted that:

- This clause is relevant to both 100 mm and 150 mm IPs.

Adjustment of the Inspection Point cover & frame shall comply with the following:

1. Construction shall be in accordance with 4005-20006-02, inclusive of:
   a. The position of the block and frame,
   b. The frame and cover shall be central over the riser shaft,
   c. The riser sealing cap height from the FSL. The PVC riser pipe shall be cut or extended as necessary to satisfy this requirement,
   d. The support items beneath the concrete block shall form a firm base upon which the block shall sit,
   e. Where rebuilding of the IP is required.

2. When raising:
   a. An additional new concrete base shall be mortared to the top of the existing block where the level is to be raised by ≥100 mm,
   b. Where the level is to be raised by ≥150 mm, the entire structure shall be removed and re-built,

3. When lowering:
   a. The entire structure shall be removed and re-built.

4. The permissible tolerance to FSL shall be +5/-0 mm.
## Appendix A  Approved Adjustment Summary List

### Table 1 - Raising/ Lowering Methodologies

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Cover Type</th>
<th>Jacking</th>
<th>Insertion Ring</th>
<th>Excavation &amp; Adjustment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Raising</td>
<td>Lowering</td>
<td>Raising</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Water</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Street Box –Type A</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Street Box –Type B</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Topstone</td>
<td>✔</td>
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<tr>
<td>No 2 Meter Box</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>No 3 Meter Box</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sewer</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bell</td>
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<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lohmeyer</td>
<td>✔ ¹</td>
<td>✔ ¹</td>
<td>✔</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TAC</td>
<td>✔ ²</td>
<td>✔ ²</td>
<td>✔</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No 5 Cover</td>
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<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance Shaft</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I.P.</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td>✔</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:

1. Refer clause 7.3. Jacking used for adjustments ≤ 75 mm. Adjustments > 75 mm shall use the Excavation & Adjustment Method.
2. Refer clause 7.4. Insertion Ring used for adjustments ≤ 100 mm. Adjustments > 100 mm shall use the Excavation & Adjustment Method.
3. Based upon the site, should the contractor consider an alternative method preferable (to the method shown in Table 1), the contractor shall refer the matter to the SA Water Representative.
Appendix B Contractor Report

This Report shall be completed and signed by the Contractor providing details of adjustments performed.

The completed form shall be forwarded to: sawateralterations@sawater.com.au.

Table 2 – Contractor Detail

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Company Name</th>
<th>ABC Road Contractor</th>
<th>Project Title</th>
<th>South Road Realignment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Supervisor</td>
<td>John Smith</td>
<td>Contact Details</td>
<td>0409 222 666</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Signature</td>
<td></td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>01/11/17</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 3 – Record of items modified

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Road/ Street</th>
<th>Main South Road</th>
<th>Suburb</th>
<th>Bedford Park</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Adjacent House No.</td>
<td>Water/ sewer (W/S)</td>
<td>Cover type</td>
<td>Raise / Lower (R/ L)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1437</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>Street box A</td>
<td>R</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1445</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>Street box A</td>
<td>R</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1429</td>
<td>S</td>
<td>MH – Bell type</td>
<td>R</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>